

BOSTON MORNING POST.

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VOLUME XIII. NO. 152.

MONDAY

MORNING, NOVEMBER 27, 1837.

PRICE \$6 PER ANN. IN ADVANCE

MANHATTAN HOUSE.
NO. 68 DUANE-STREET, NEW-YORK.
JAMES R. N. from the Howard House, Boston, re-
specially informs the public, that he has taken the large
building in Duane street, 6 doors from Broadway, known as
Rutger's College, for the purpose of a Hotel and RESTAU-
RANT. The interior of the building has been entirely taken
out, and refitted expressly to suit the business of the present
occupants.

Mr Ryan will keep the Manhattan House for the accom-
modation of Clubs and Parties. The best wines and Liquors
will be furnished from his cellar, having been carefully select-
ed from the best stocks in Boston, a large portion of them be-
ing of the celebrated importers long in the cellar of Mr. Gallager,
late of the Exchange Coffee House. Rooms will be furnished
for References and Courts Martial. Transient and perma-
nent boarders will be accommodated in the best style known
in the country; and elegant apartments will be let, with
or without board.

The Table d'Hôte will be supplied with every delicacy
of the various seasons. Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers,
of every description, will be served at short notice, and various
Soups will be ready every day from eleven to three. Mr. Ryan
is confident that in this department, his own experience,
added to the skill of the persons employed as waiters, will
enable him to please the most fastidious epicures, both in re-
spect to quality and style.

Those friends who have known the character of Mr Ryan's
House in Boston, he is assured, will find his accommodations
better, his means more ample, and his bill quite as un-
usually and from such strangers in this city, as love excel-
lence in the various departments of his profession, he would
be the favor of an early call, with the full hope of giving sat-
isfaction.

House was opened on the 15th June, 1837. eptf j617

MARLBORO' HOTEL.
The subscriber would respectfully give notice that
he has taken the MARLBORO' HOTEL, and is
now ready to receive his friends. The house has been thor-
oughly repaired, enlarged and newly painted and papered. The
furniture and bedding are new, and the accommodations in
every respect are believed to be equal to any other Hotel in
the city. No pains will be spared to furnish the table with
every variety of the market affords. Efforts will be made to
furnish the table with the products of free labor, and provision
will be made for those who prefer vegetable diet. Religious
worship will be regularly maintained every day, and as far as
possible to prevent, no company be received or bills will be
settled on the Sabbath. No smoking allowed. The Hotel
will be kept entirely on the Temperance principle, and will
not be a place of intoxicating liquor will be sold or used, it
will be a quiet home for gentlemen travelling with their fam-
ilies, as well as for others. There are several suits of rooms
for the accommodation of small families as permanent board-
ers. Application for permanent board will be received at the
Hotel every day.

6m N. ROGERS. j622

WORCESTER HOUSE.
The subscriber has taken the Worcester House, situ-
ated on Main street, directly opposite to the Depot of
the Boston and Worcester Railroad.
The establishment contains a great number of public and
private parlors, and a reading room is furnished throughout
in elegant style, and provided with every accommodation for
travellers, families and parties.
Meals will be furnished for passengers arriving or departing
by the Ohio and Stages.
All stages which leave Worcester, call at the House for
passengers.
The prices have been greatly reduced, and are now put
at the most moderate rate.

N. B.—Stabling and keeping for horses will be furnished.
LYSANDER C. CLARK. j69

FARM FOR SALE.
In Billerica on the road from the meeting house to
Lexington, containing one hundred and seventy acres,
(well fenced with stone walls), upon which are from three to
five hundred fruit trees of various descriptions; and is divided
into tillage, mowing, pasture and wood lands. There is a
good Dwelling House, Barn, Cider Mill and House, Sheds, &c.
good Dwelling House, Barn, Cider Mill and House, Sheds, &c.
Apply to LEVI BAILEY, on 5 Fulton street, SUMNER
CROSBY, 5 Exchange street, or to the subscriber on the
premises. j57 WILLIAM MANN. 11

TO LET.
On West Centre street, part of a genteel brick house
containing 5 or 6 rooms, water, &c. suitable for a small
family—rent \$100. U. J. CLARK, 4 Brattle square. n10

TO LET.
Three or four rooms on Washington street. Also,
two rooms on Sea street—three rooms on Endicott st.
Apply to U. J. CLARK, No 4 Brattle square. n10

WARE HOUSE TO LET.
No 19 and 25 Granite Street, Commercial wharf, re-
cently occupied by the subscribers. Apply to JOHN
BROWN & CO No 11 Lewis' wharf. 11 mh7

HOUSE FOR SALE IN CHARLESTOWN.
A good dwelling house, No 22 Bow st, with excellent
accommodations, being three stories high, and contain-
ing about 12 rooms—will be sold at a sacrifice with imma-
nent possession, if applied for very soon. 11 mh23

TO LET.
The chambers over store No 12 Water street, suitable
for the Dry Goods business. Apply at the Store. Aug19

TO LET.
A Shop in Joy's Building. Apply to S. SIBLEY, No 79
Washington street. 11 240

TO LET.
A three story brick dwelling house containing 9 rooms,
No 57 Temple street. Apply to SUMNER CROSBY
No 3 Exchange street. 11 mh2

FOR SALE OR TO LET.
A convenient dwelling for two small families in Vil-
lage place, containing nine rooms. For terms apply to
SUMNER CROSBY, 5 Exchange street. 11 aug29

TO LET.
A house in Common, near Tremont street—rent \$300.
JOHN I. SPEAR, 7 Exchange street. 11 n19

TO LET.
A small tenement in Sweetser's Court. Apply to
JOHN I. SPEAR, 7 Exchange st. 11 n22

TO LET.
At South Boston, a very good and convenient dwell-
ing house, the whole or a part would be rented to
good tenant, inquire of ISAAC ADAMS, at 1 & S. Adams's
Machine Shop, S. Boston. eptf n22

TO BE LET.
A House, 29 Prince street, having a parlor, three cham-
bers, large kitchen, good cellar, wood house, large yard,
and good water of both kinds. Inquire on the premises, or of
PRINCE SNOW, at Police, 31 Court street. 11 244

TO LET.
Two small tenements in Sea street, nearly new, and
suitable for small families—rent low. 11 245

TO LET.
A building with an engine in perfect order. Apply
to the store of T. PAYNE & CO., at the end of the bridge in
said street. 11 243

TO LET.
A two story building in John Place, suitable for
mechanical or other purposes. JOHN I. SPEAR,
7 Exchange street. 11 244

TO LET.
A large modern built house, situated near the
Washington Bank, containing 12 rooms finished in first
style, excellent cellar, yard, water of both kinds, and every
convenience for a genteel residence—the rent of which can
be paid partly in Board, if desired. 11 241

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DR. SEGUR'S RESTORATIVE STOMACH PILLS.

IN administering to his known relief medicine he had pre-
pared for some dyspeptic patients of ten delicate habits
to admit of ordinary treatment, Dr. Segur noticed certain
peculiar effects on the system which led to the knowledge of
the virtues of the medicine presented under the above name.
He does not put forth any extraordinary claims for it, and
that which has more particularly attracted attention, and
indeed called them from more professional use, is the extror-
dinary efficacy and aptitude they have exhibited in the cure
of the dyspeptic cases connected with a nervous and
debilitated state, forbidding powerful medicine and inde-
ling ordinary treatment.

In these cases the Pills have exhibited the two following
requisites combined, viz: direct and powerful effect in re-
moving the disease, with so gentle and delicate effects on the
system otherwise, that the cure is performed without that
disturbance of the system attendant on the treatment,
which so often, unawares, sinks the patient below the pos-
sibility of recovery.

Subsequent use, however, has shown these pills to possess
almost as decided powers and advantages in the following
cases, which are kindly here stated, as a sympathetic
connection with the class of cases in which the virtues of this
medicine were first observed.

1st. Nervous affections and weaknesses, more peculiar to
females, often accompanied with a train of distresses and
symptoms as indelible as the disease.

2d. Bowel complaint, whether habitual or occasioned
by the season, flatus, colds, &c.

3d. Persons recovering from acute diseases, as fevers, or
severe bodily injuries, left with local debilities, coldness, and
numbness of the limbs, dullness of circulation, general depres-
sion of the mind, and energy of the system, &c.

4th. Another striking effect has been exhibited in the use
of this medicine, which Dr. Segur would have understood as
mentioned more by way of illustrating the nature of the me-
dicine, than as a general recommendation. An elderly gen-
tleman, afflicted with dyspepsia, was cured by the use of
these Pills—and at the same time recovered the activity of his
limbs and general functions so essentially, that he repeatedly
declared that he had been restored to years of comparative
comfort and usefulness, which age had admonished him had
passed by forever.

5th. In cases of occasional derangement of health conse-
quent on colds, exhaustion, over exertion, the stomach, and
long continued bodily or mental effort, sedentary or confined
pursuits and the like, where nature needs but assistance to
overcome present oppressions, and prevent more serious con-
sequences, these Pills have a decided advantage over ordinary
medicines; for while they remove present difficulties, they
create and leave a more healthy tone and tendency in the sys-
tem.

The following observations will enable the reader to judge,
in some measure, of the peculiar nature of the virtue of these
Pills.

1st. They perform their office by exerting a steady and grad-
ual influence on the system the whole time, day and night,
until the cure is complete or nearly so.

2d. The principle on which these Pills act upon the constitu-
tion requires that they should perform their office in con-
nection with the daily food, each yielding and receiving mutual
assistance, that their joint product may be most natural and
acceptable to the several organs it must visit to refresh and
nourish the several parts of the system.

3d. Contrary to the effect of medicine generally, the longer
this is used the less quantity is necessary to produce the same
effect.

4th. When used in appropriate quantity, the operation of
these Pills is without any sensible effect on the feelings, other
than a more regular and natural condition of body or mind.

N. B. One or two of these Pills will remove the unpleasant
effects of long dinners and late suppers. They are also pecu-
liarly suited to the use of travellers and men of business, as
they afford relief without interruption, and at the same time
improve the disposition of the body and mind for exertion.

CERTIFICATES.

This may make known to you, for years past, I have been
laboring under a peculiar state of health and was long
very low, although most of the time able to take some exer-
cise, and have some charge of my domestic concerns. During
most of the time my symptoms were distressing indeed. The
most prominent of which was a load at the stomach, occurring
after each meal, with great severity, so much so that I was
suffocated, attended with an exceeding disagreeable feeling in
the head, as dizziness and stupidity with loss of memo-
ry and total want of energy. There not only appeared to be a complete
stoppage and want of action in the stomach and bowels, but
there was also a sensation of numbness; it seemed as if the
blood was too weak to circulate; in fact there appeared to be
no action but a diseased one. My countenance became extremely
sallow, my eyes dull and glassy, and indeed at the time I
applied to Dr. Segur for relief, my sufferings were indescrib-
able. By the advice of my Physician I had made use of emetics,
calomel, and blisters, repeatedly, but to no advantage, with
the exception of some present relief.

Under these circumstances I had but little faith in the
administration of medicine, but after I gave him a full history
of my complaint, he pronounced it to be an aggravated case
of dyspepsia, with loss of action in the liver and gall, and im-
mediately prescribed his Restorative Stomach Pills; and I
am happy to say that perceptible relief was almost immediate.
There appeared to be a breaking up in the system, apparent
action in the stomach took place, the blood once more com-
menced its circuitous route, and I continued to use them, one
directly after each meal, with great effect, so much so that I re-
covered gradually and pleasantly these disagreeable symptoms,
my health was restored. My food now sets well, my head
feels clear, I have a good flow of spirits, and my countenance
has resumed once more its healthy appearance.

This may certify that the statements made by my wife, in
the above certificate, so far as I am able to ascertain, are cor-
rect.
Pastor of the Congregational Church in Killingly, Conn.
Killingly, April 13, 1837.

This will show that for more than ten years past I have
been afflicted with a diseased stomach, or as some say dys-
pepsia, in its most aggravated form. No person can tell of
the distress and pain which I have experienced during this
period. I have hardly known what it was to take food with
in the last ten years, without producing violent and distressing
effects. I have also suffered much with an almost constant
pain in the head, with dizziness; and as every one knows,
who has been subject to a like complaint, have seen many
gloomy hours, yes, days and nights, and all that I could do
either by diet, exercise, or by taking medicine, seemed not in
directly to give relief, although I had made fair trial of every
medicine said to cure every complaint; but nothing reached the
cause of my difficulty until I obtained a box of Dr. Segur's
Restorative Stomach Pills, and suffice it to say, that they re-
moved all these unpleasant sensations in an easy and pleas-
ant manner, and I am now enjoying good health.

SUSANNA MARRINGTON.
Providence, April 16, 1837.

RECOMMENDATION.

Dr. G. C. Segur—Dear Sir: In answer to your favor of the
9th inst., I can state that, some months since, I made a
trial of your Stomach Pills, in some dyspeptic cases of long
standing, where the system had acquired a delicacy which
seemed to forbid the further use of ordinary prescriptions.—
The success and happy operation in these cases induced me
to extend their use, with great benefit, to many others, and
now, in my estimation of the Pills. Though not much inclined
to give certificates of this kind, I have considered it no more
than justice in this case to state what has come within my
own practice and observation, especially as one of my
pupils, you confide your researches to my consideration. I have
the more readily done so, as I consider the use of the Pills not
only safe, but particularly free from any harsh or unpleasant
effects on the constitution. As to your general character, I can
with great pleasure comply, as you will see by a certificate
in Postscript. Your Friend,

P. S. I hereby certify that G. C. Segur, M. D. is an un-
blemished moral character, is a regularly educated and
licensed Physician, and is now in successful practice in Kil-
lingly, Conn.

The above medicine is put up in boxes and half boxes—
Wholesale containing 100 pills, price \$1; halves 50 cents, and is
for sale wholesale and retail by BRIDGES, STEVENS &
CUSHING, Nos 90 & 92 Washington street—also, at retail by
Wm. Brown, corner of Washington and Elliot st.; F. Brown,
No 63 Washington street; J. P. Preston, No 70 Federal st.;
T. Reston, corner of Hanover and Cross st.; G. French, No
101 Hanover st.; Joseph Kidder & Co. No 97 Court st.; Nell
W. Tuttle, Prince st.; A. Boyden, No 42 Hancock st.; Daniel
Benjamin, corner of Cambridge and Chambers st.; Rogers &
Arnold, Nos 43 and 45 Maine street, Charlestown; and E. G.
Lemon, Roxbury, who are the Proprietors' Agents.

N. B. Be sure and ask for Doct. Segur's Restorative Stomach
Pills. None genuine unless signed on the outside wrapper
with "G. C. Segur" in his own hand writing.

S. S. SOUTHWORTH, Washington City, will at-
tend to any business connected to him.

Washington City, Nov. 22, 1837. n23

SUPERIOR GUITAR STRINGS. Just received by
BATES & TOLMAN, No 6 Court street. n26

WHITE WAX.—8 boxes—for sale by WHITEWELL
& SEEVER, 75 Milk street. 2w n21

CHARLES C. LITTLE & JAMES BROWN.

AW-BOOKSELLERS, No 112 Washington street, pub-
lishers of
Massachusetts Reports, 17 vols.
Pickering's Reports, 15
Galilee's Reports, 2
Mason's Reports, 2
Sumner's Reports, 1 (vol 2 in press.)
Greenleaf's Reports, 9
Kent's Commentaries, 4
Story's Commentaries, viz: on Bailments, 1 vol—Consti-
tution, 3 vols—do abridged, 1 vol—Conflict of Laws, 1 vol—E-
quity Jurisprudence, 2 vols. Equity Pleading and Practice in
press.

Bayley on Bills, 8vo—Abbott on Shipping, Judge Story's
edition, 8vo—Story's Pleading, 8vo, &c. &c.
A great variety of Law Books always on hand, at reduced
prices.

All new Law Books added to our stock as soon as published.
Law Libraries bought and sold—Second-hand Law
Books, a great variety constantly for sale.
sep 29 1840-tf

RICHARDSON'S ECCENTRIC DOOR SPRING.

For the purpose of closing doors, for sale at No 36 Wash-
ington street.
We the undersigned, have used Richardson's Eccentric Door
Springs, and we are decidedly of the opinion that they are the
best article now in use for shutting doors, and we recom-
mend the same to our fellow citizens generally.

JOHN LOW, Commercial Coffee House.
DUDLEY S. LOK, Exchange Coffee House.
BASCOMB & AGENT, Albion.
NATIEL ROGERS, Marlboro' Hotel.
JOHN CLIFTON, Washington Coffee House.
RICHARDSON'S ECCENTRIC DOOR SPRING, Pearl street House.
LUCIUS DOUGLASS, City Tavern.

Boston, Nov. 11, 1837. ept24 n15

REMOVAL.

MOSES CARLETON & CO., have removed from 116
State street, to Chambers No 5 Merchants' Row, where
they have for sale:
2000 reams CAP WRAPPING PAPER.
1000 do CRISP do do.
1500 do Fancy do do do.
2000 do White do do do.
1500 do TEA do do do.

An assortment of large size PAPER for packing boxes.
Also—PRINTING PAPER of different sizes.
n7 2w12-2w18

HABIT AND CLOAK CLOTHS.

CONANT, THAYER & CO.

Have a superior assortment of Cloths for Ladies' Wear,
for sale at the lowest Cash prices, by the piece or yard.
Purchasers are respectfully invited to look at them.
n25 3m

GAVER'S DOUBLE IRON SAFES.—STE-

PHEN PIERCE, Agent for selling Gayer's Double
Fire Proof Wrought Iron Chests and Safes, has now on hand
a good assortment of all the sizes and kinds suitable for
Banks, Insurance Offices, Town Records, Merchants' and oth-
ers—and will receive orders, and execute them with dispatch,
notwithstanding any dimensions, at 93 Water street.
n22 1 31s—n31

BADGER'S COOKING STOVE.—JAMES C.

RODGERNE, 123 Milk street, has for sale Badger's Patent
Cooking Stoves. These stoves are upon a new plan and super-
ior to any kind in use. He has also for sale, Scott's As-
bestos Fire Proof Safes. 11 n25

COAL.—R. MOSMAN & CO., corner of Cross and Fulton

streets, would respectfully give notice that they are daily
receiving their supplies of Hard and Soft Coal for Grates and
Stoves use—among which may be found Peach Orchard and
Black Heath which have a decided preference over all other
Anthracites, together with Lackawanna, Cannel, Orell, New-
castle, Bridgeport and Sydney Coals, all of which they will
warrant to be of the first quality, and will be delivered in any
part of the city at the lowest Cash prices.
Steam, Aug. 22, 1837. 1aw15 2w1stf aug23

STEAM ENGINE TO LET.—A good ten horse

power Steam Engine, together with two rooms—one
hundred ft long—may be had at a fair price, by inquiring at
No 30 North Market street, to JOHN HUNT.
n2 ept25 2w12-2w18

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—The subscribers

have this day formed a Copartnership under the firm of
FALES & RICHMOND, as dealers in Fancy and Staple Dry
Goods, at No 215 Washington street, 5 doors North of West
street.
Mentor FALES.
ALDEN S. RICHMOND
Sept. 1, 1837. ept4w

A GOOD CHANCE FOR A SMALL CAP-

ITAL—A grocer on one of the principal wharves in this
city, would sell out his stock and stand where he has a good
run of custom, or would take a partner who is acquainted
with the business, if applied for soon.
n22 2w U. J. CLARK, No 4 Brattle square.

COUGHS & COLDS.

VEGETABLE COUGH COMPOUND, for the cure of
Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Spitting of
Blood, Pain in the side and all diseases of the Lungs. This
valuable medicine has been extensively and constantly used
for several years past, and so unobtainable has been its effects in
all cases in which the lungs have not ulcerated, that it is now
recommended to the public as an infallible remedy and relief
for all the above diseases. It is composed entirely of Vegeta-
ble ingredients, and perfectly harmless in its operation.

CERTIFICATE.

Mr Geyer—Dear Sir—I have used one bottle of the Cough
Compound prepared by you, and it has had the effect of
curing my cough in three or four days, although it was an ex-
tremely violent one. I would earnestly recommend it to any
one afflicted with a bad cough.
Yours respectfully,
D. H. FORD.
Plymouth, Feb. 13, 1835.

Mr Geyer—Sir—Please send me three bottles more of the
Vegetable Cough Compound. It is the best medicine I have
ever used for a bad Cough.

Yours &c. J. L. GARDNER.
Sold wholesale and retail at GEYER'S Apothecary store,
104 & 105 Hanover street. Price 38 cents a bottle.
M&T 6mo n21

ROWLAND'S

MACASSAR

OIL.

THE high repute and extensive sale of Rowland's Macas-
sar Oil, throughout the world, has induced speculators to
imitate the label, even to forgery, and impose on the public
base imitations, instead of the original.

Also, adventure,

Presidents and Committees are made up of the peace party of 1812, whose guests are the federalists of the old school; whose political barbecue is celebrated at the doors of Harvard College, whose Senator is the Steward Treasurer of Harvard College, and in whose ranks are now gathered all the federalists of the county of Middlesex? The whigs of Middlesex are now the disciples of the "Cambridge Platform"—upon this foundation we must understand that they intend to build, and against this are the democracy to rally; the old battles are again to be fought over, and as certain as they have been triumphant in times past, so certain will they be victorious in all coming contests.

SAMUEL HOAR, and the Cambridge school of politics, are to sink or swim together, and **WILLIAM PARMENTER**, and the democracy of Middlesex, are one and inseparable.

SEVENTY SIX.

The Boston Herald (whig) is fair enough to admit that the Mayor of New York city has acted very improperly in "taking a conspicuous part in the whig celebration in that city, notwithstanding that there are seventeen thousand voters in the city of which he is ruler, out of thirty-five thousand, of opposite politics to himself." This rebuke will hold good, also, against Mr Mayor SALTONSTALL, of the city of Salem, who stood master of ceremonies at the Bell exhibition, prior to the election.

The Democrats of Concord partook of a Social Supper on the evening of the 16th inst. in celebration of their victory over the federalists at the recent election. The democrats polled a larger vote than they had at any election for the last twenty years. Cap. Anthony Wright presided at the tables, and the occasion was one of high gratification to all present. The following is one of the many spirited and patriotic sentiments announced on the occasion:—

"Republican Principles—As immovable as the Concord ballot-box in 1837, as they were at Concord bridge in 1775."

Michigan.—The Detroit Free Press says the majority for Gov Mason is over six hundred votes, and the majority for Lieut Governor Mundy, somewhat less. Seven out of eight senators, and twenty-eight of the fifty representatives elected, are democrats. Good doings.

The federalists have received a few returns from Mississippi, and say, just as they did about Michigan, that the democrats are all defeated there—we shall know the truth about the election in the course of a few days.

A little whiggy down in Bangor says—

"It is certain, that the whigs will have a majority in joint ballot in the Michigan Legislature."

You have placed the hands on the wrong side of the pitcher this time, my dear, for it happens that the democrats have a majority in both branches.

Railroad Meeting.—A large and animated meeting of those interested in the Western Railroad, was held at the Old Common Council Room on Thursday evening. Mr P. P. F. Degrand read a long report, and a proposition was made to apply to the next Legislature to advance its credit to the amount of 80 per cent. on the whole investment, by script at five per cent. interest, redeemable in thirty years, on which to make a loan in Europe. The resolution was supported by Messrs. Degrand, Z. Cook, Lot Pool, T. B. Curtis, and several other gentlemen, and opposed by Mr Henry Williams. After a full discussion, and an explanation of the present condition of the road by Mr George Bliss, of Springfield, the resolution was unanimously adopted, and a committee of forty appointed to make the necessary application to the next Legislature.

The opening of the Millbury Railroad was celebrated on Friday. The Directors of the Boston and Worcester Railroad, together with a bevy of invited guests were present on the occasion. They were received by the committee of arrangements, after which a procession was formed and conducted to the Academy Hall, where an auspicious dinner was provided. About four o'clock the Boston party returned to the cars, and the train left the village under the discharge of cannon and the ringing of bells.

Disturbance in Brooklyn.—There was some knock-down science exhibited at Brooklyn on Monday night, in consequence of a quarrel, which originated from the circumstance of the agent of the ferry company refusing to allow the train of people who attended Col. Johnson to cross the ferry scot free. No serious consequences ensued beyond the bleeding of a few noses. There appears to have been blame on both sides.

Report of another Abolition Riot.—The last St Louis Bulletin says, rumor was current in that city, the day previous, that an abolition riot had occurred at Jacksonville, (Ill.) which resulted in the death of five persons, one of whom was the Rev Dr Beecher, President of the College. The Bulletin thinks the report has no foundation in truth.

The fraudulent means used by an organized gang of sharpers in England to induce emigrants from Britain and Ireland to come over to this country and the Canadas, have attracted the attention of the municipal government of Liverpool. Alderman Shiel moved for the appointment of a committee to investigate and report upon the subject.

Coiner Convicted.—James Ferris has been found guilty, before the United States Circuit Court at New York, of making spurious coins of various denominations—the penalty for which crime is a fine not exceeding \$5000, or imprisonment not exceeding ten years. Take warning, ye whig copper "currency tinkers."

American Monthly Magazine.—There is a beautiful extract, translated from the French of M. De Lamartine, entitled the "Destinies of Poetry," in the last number of this Magazine. There is also quite a number of agreeable original articles.

Missionary Intelligence.—Among the passengers in the steamboat from New Haven, at New York, on Friday morning, were Mr Bell of Tennessee, and Mr Graves of Kentucky, on a visit to their homes, from the Massachusetts station.

A public dinner is to be given to Messrs Bell, Graves, and Underwood, at the Astor House, New York, to-morrow. Give 'em enough, for they have worked hard for their victuals and drink since Congress adjourned.

The Cincinnati Gazette of the 20th states that on the previous Friday evening the steamboat Columbus was discovered to be on fire in the hold. About fifty barrels of flour and a hundred kegs of lard were damaged. The boat was not much injured.

A seaman, named Bradish, belonging to Boston, fell from the mast of ship New England, of this port, at Mobile, on the third inst. He struck upon the rail, broke his neck, and died immediately.

There were no less than 5000 Cherokee Indians in the neighborhood of Memphis, Tennessee, on the 7th inst. shortly to set out for their new homes assigned them in the "far west."

The New York Era has had a large lot of names added to its subscription list, since it has come out from the administration.

The Times is examining Mr Fletcher's bumps—the phrenologist—rather too closely for his comfort.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

By the Lorena, Captain Urquhart, from Havre, intelligence from Paris, to the 13th October has reached New York. There was no news of importance from any part of the continent. The Paris papers contain one day later from London than before received.

London, Oct. 12.—The money market does not appear to have been much affected by the publication of the revenue tables, but the deficiency is large, and must render the fund holder necessarily anxious as to the future progress of our commerce.

Our commercial derangements with the United States will not, we are of opinion, be of long continuance, but while the present system of interference in the affairs of Spain and Portugal is persevered in, there can be little prospect of any amelioration as regards our relations with those two countries. The Chancellor is understood to have prepared himself for a defalcation of at least half a million more than that which has actually occurred upon the quarter just ended.—*Post.*

Gen Cass and his family have left Alexandria to visit the city of Cairo; the journey of his Excellency, we learn, is wholly one of pleasure.—*Chronicle.*

Havre Market, Oct. 14.—Cotton.—Our prices for this article, which for several preceding weeks had been fully sustained and presented every appearance of continuing so for some time, have suddenly receded in consequence of recent advices, stating a decline in prices at Liverpool, combined with the receipt of extensive supplies from the United States. The recent arrivals have made holders more anxious to effect sales, and U. S. Cottons, with the exception of ordinary qualities, have consequently receded about 1/2 during the week. The sales of the week have been 4,564 bales, the imports 3,269 bales. The decline in prices submitted to by the holders, and the existence of a greater choice, has induced purchasers to appear more freely in market, and the demand has generally been active.

Further from Canada.—The Montreal Herald of Tuesday gives the subjoined information touching the revolutionary difficulties in that quarter:

An extensive search has been made for Mr Papineau, but without success.

The blacksmith who assisted in rescuing some prisoners from the custody of a civil officer has been arrested.

One inhabitant has been found dead in the thicket beyond Longueuil, where the cavalry was attacked on Thursday last. Two companies of the 32d regiment are to leave town this morning, in order to meet the seven prisoners, who will be escorted from Chambly by two companies of the Royals.

On Sunday the congregation of the church at St Antoine was addressed by Mr Cartier, a young advocate of this city, who recommended that a "liberal advocate" should be immediately formed, which he would lead to death on victory in attempting to release his brave compatriots from the gaol, but he met with but little success, as at the muster of his regiment, including himself, it numbered only four individuals.

The Popular mentions that Papineau left town on Friday last in company with O'Callaghan and Ovide Perrault, and crossed the river to the island of St. Theres, to hold a conference with Gird, who had left a short time previous for Valence, but on their arrival there he was not to be found.

The three rebels then started for the United States, calling on their friend Dr Coté on their way, to whom Papineau said, that he was about to raise a force of twelve thousand men in the States to aid the Canadians.

It is reported in town that a number of individuals have expatriated themselves.

Measures have been adopted for raising volunteers—a body of cavalry under the name of the Queen's Light Dragoons, amounting to fifty men, is to be organized.

It was currently reported at Montreal on Monday that the People's Bank had stopped payment. Its notes were refused in deposit at the Montreal and North American Banks.

The five persons arrested at Quebec, viz: Messrs Morin, Legare, Chassier, Tru cau, and Lacaille, have been admitted to bail—\$2000 each, with two sureties in the same amount. They are to appear for trial in March, and to keep the peace in the meantime.

From Jamaica.—The editor of the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser has received files of Jamaica papers to the 29th Oct.

Addresses of congratulation to Queen Victoria, and of condolence to the Queen-dowager were reported in the House of Assembly.

On the 26th a resolution was offered, declaring it to be highly inexpedient to entertain any measure, having for its object an abbreviation of the period of apprenticeship established by the abolition act. After some discussion on a proposed amendment, the resolution prevailed by a vote of 17 to 11.

The resignation of Sir Lionel Smith, the governor, has not been accepted by the British government.

Under date of the 18th, it is mentioned that the American consul had applied to the governor on behalf of some sailors belonging to the packet ship Emily, who had been committed to prison for want of bail—£500 each—on a charge of assault preferred against them by a Dr Stennett, between whom and the captain of the packet some legal proceedings were in agitation.

It appears that the assault complained of, was committed under the orders of the captain; and it is stated that unless the application of the consul is successful, the sailors will be incarcerated until February, without being brought to trial.

Capt Hammond, of the ship Maria, of New York, has published a statement in the Courier and Enquirer, alleging that the Malays at Mungin, instigated apparently by their Rajah, made several attempts to gain possession of the ship, all of which were frustrated; and that, finally, some of the principal chiefs brought the Rajah on board and delivered him up as a hostage; after which, the captain obtained his landing without further difficulty. Capt H. thinks that not a particle of confidence should be placed in any of these natives, and that they would take advantage of any chance that may occur to cut off any vessel not prepared and guarded.

Fires.—At about 5 o'clock on Thursday evening a fire broke out in the ship chandlery store of Jonas P. Levy, No 39, Peck Slip, New York. The flames were confined to the fourth story. Damage \$2500—insured.

At 10 o'clock the dry goods store of J. D. Williamson, corner of Bayard and Orange streets, took fire. The entire stock consumed.

At about 11 o'clock a fire broke out in a range of stables in the rear of Delancey street. Two or three horses, and a large quantity of feed, were destroyed. Three dwelling houses in the vicinity were slightly injured.

A fire broke out on Thursday morning, in Mr Sprong's carpenter shop, and Truetti's broking establishment, in Norris's Alley, near Second street, Philadelphia. The inner portion of the upper stories was completely destroyed. Two firemen were seriously injured by the falling in of the walls.

The Advocate, in speaking of the case of Mr Jones says— "Let him resort to the laws if he is wronged, and not to mobs."

He has—and Ellbridge Gerry Austin, Esq. is his counsel—damages claimed, \$2000.

A correspondent of the New York Post says he has "no objection to the whigs turning a little gunpowder by way of a variety, particularly Daniel Webster, who voted against procuring it for the government last war?"

Producing.—From half of a potato, a farmer in Bloomfield has raised one hundred and seventeen whole ones.

"Who believes in dreams?"—*Yeoman's Gazette.*

You and the rest of your party have been dreaming these ten years, and believing your dreams.

A young child was burned to death in Green co., Pa., on the 28th ult. by falling into the fire when left alone.

POLICE COURT.

In consequence of the fierce inclemency of the weather on Saturday morning, we were in hope of an exemption from active Court duty. We did not suppose that any complainant could ever be so hot in his hate, or in so much need of his witness fees, as to wade and stagger through the driving snow drifts; but we had forgotten that there might be such a thing as a matrimonial squall, as well as a snow storm. Indeed we thought, that hurricanes, tornadoes, whirlwinds, thunder gusts, and earthquakes, hid their diminished heads, when "flesh of flesh, and bone of bone," got together by the ears, instead of heeds, and we were right, for about 12, the storm abated, though the wind had not changed, and all hands were dismayed by the mysterious phenomenon; but amidst their doubts and conjectures, in dashed a male and female, nearly out of breath. The woman was a little in advance, and gaining the complainant's stand, observed—"My husband has beaten the life out of me, and I want him put in the House of Correction."

Court.—Where is your husband?

Husband.—[standing behind her]—Here I am, and I want to complain of my wife.

Court.—For what?

Husband.—For telling me that she likes another man better than she does me.

Court.—Who are you?

Husband.—My name is James Christopher Burke, at your service. I am not ashamed of my name or my actions, though I have been in the Watch house.

Court.—Is there any Watchman present, who knows anything about this man, or his wife?

Officer of the Watch.—I know that there has been frequent disturbances in their house. One night the neighbors called me to their assistance. He was in his shirt sleeves, and he at once every one, and I ordered my men to take him to the Watch house; and when I went into her room, she was in a terrible stew, and if one may make use of the expression, of some of them 'nir people what makes poetry lines, I might say—

"I found her on the floor
In all the storm of grief, yet beautiful;
Pouring forth tears at such a lavish rate,
That were the world on fire, they might have drowned
The wrath of Heaven, and quenched the mighty rain."

But notwithstanding all her fuss and flurry, I could not seem to make out the real rights of the story, and so I let him run in the morning; but I have no doubt he is given to drink, considerable.

Court.—No doubt, no doubt. Did he assault you this morning, woman?

Burke.—I have stricken her, but no more than it was my founded duty to do, both for her sake and my own honor.

Court.—He admits the assault, and let a warrant be issued.

Burke.—Before I am entirely condemned, I would like to be heard in my own defence. I did beat her; but does your Honor imagine that I am the man to strike a woman without a lawful justification?

Court.—Did you strike her in self defence?

Burke.—Yes, in defence of my honor; and I appeal to you, and to all the good gentlemen here present; yes, sir, I appeal to you as a gentleman, and as a husband of honorable feelings, if you caught your wife speaking to a man in the entry, after she had told you that she preferred that man to you, you would not use proper chastisement?—especially if that same man had been fined in this very Court, as a disorderly and riotous person, that's what she told me, and that's what I have done, and would do again under such a provocation.

Mr Burke.—Your honor, the night the Watch came in, he drew a knife upon me, and attempted to cut my throat.

Burke.—That's false, your honor. I never drew a knife upon any living man, much less my own lawful, wedded wife. I am a hard-working man, and am willing to work all the nerves of my arms to support her, and make her appear respectable, like the wife of a man of honor; but her conduct has been enough to pierce the heart of a stone, let alone the heart of a man like me. This very morning, I went out in all the storm, and brought home some potatoes and a piece of pork, and said to her—"Maria, my dear, will you just cook this for breakfast?" But did she do it, I should like to know?

No, she did not; and when I went to look for her, did n't I find her in the alley talking to that same beast of a man. It's true, your honor, and I'll not stand that from any woman, even if she be my lawful wedded wife, and that's all I have to say.

Court.—Well, we have had enough of your boisterous oratory; and shall adjudge you to pay a fine of Three Dollars and Costs, and if you do not be careful, you will get into the House of Correction, for intermeddling.

Burke.—Three Dollars, and Costs! I want pay a cent, and you can't get a cent, for I have assigned all my things.

Court.—Then you will be committed to jail.

Burke.—Well, to jail I'll go then, if you can get me there; and there I'll stay a thousand years, if you can keep me, and as I am a good shoe-maker, I shall have the honor of making shoes for all the people of these honorable United States; but I have some doubts about going there. [Moving towards the door.]

Officer.—Halloo, halloo, where are you going? [Stopping Burke.]

Burke.—Going off, to be sure—I have got no money.

Officer.—Then you must go to jail.

To make sure of his prisoner, the officer, after some squinting on the part of Burke, slipped the handcuffs on him. The steel-rings produced quite a change of heart in him, and inclined his soul to heavenly things, and in a real rock-rendering voice, he struck up—

"When I can read my title clear,
To mansions in the skies,
I'll bid adieu to all my fear,
And wipe my weeping eyes."

But there was something in this celebrated Methodist hymn, or the tone in which it was sung, that appeared to be extremely offensive to the functionaries of the court, for the convert-convict was instantly commanded to shut up his pipe, and descend to the cell. For our own part, we wished to hear him conclude the hymn, and even preferred that he would add a prayer to it, as not a few in the room stood much in need of religious exercises. Few of these looked as if they had recently been within the walls of a church, or in any other way received the "droppings of the sanctuary."

It is much to be regretted, that the practice of opening our courts, with prayers, has fallen into disuse. It can only be accounted for in two ways. Either the rush of pious applicants for the office was inconvenient; or the County is too poor to maintain a sufficient number of such Old Bailey Chaplains. But the deficiency might be partially cured by having a painting of a pulpit, with velvet cushion, bible, psalm-book, preacher, and other ordinary furniture.

The hope should be represented as opening the Bible, at that entirely forgotten text, Exodus, c. 20, v. 16—"Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbor." In addition to this silent admonition, the Judge might imitate old Thomas Trumbull, in Red gaudy, and on opening the Court, say, like that ancient worthy, to the clerk—"Malachi, take the book, and sing six double verses out of the hundred and nineteenth psalm; and you may lecture out of the Lamentations. And, Malachi, say that ye give them a creed of doctrine that will last till Court's out."

Until some reform of this sort is effected, we despair of anything like truth or justice among the parties who resort to our courts for legal redress of their grievances.

The Charleston Mercury makes mention of an odd paraphrase in a poetical quotation, by his office-devil. The couplet is—

"Mintine-mongers, microscopic wights,
Whom Denver captivates and Dow delights."
Diabolus being hungry, rendered the second line thus—
"Whom dinner captivates and dough delights."

§3-A bill repealing the law authorizing imprisonment for debt, was passed by the Vermont House of Representatives, during the recent session of the legislature there, by an immense majority, but rejected in the Senate.

The Editor of the Richmond Enquirer says—"Our maxim is, No National Bank! now and never."

About five hundred volunteers for the Florida war have been raised in the city and county of Philadelphia.

Mr Pelby's Benefit.—Macbeth has been chosen by Mr Pelby, as the principal piece in the performance for his benefit this evening at the National. Mr P's long services as a manager, his talents as an actor, and character as a worthy and enterprising citizen, entitle him to the respectful consideration of his fellow townsmen on the present occasion, and their liberal encouragement. Mrs Pelby, in *Lady Macbeth*, has no equal on the American Boards, and the whole piece is cast to the full strength of the company. Williamson, just returned from an excursion on the Bronze Horse, will re-appear, and sing a favorite nautical song.

§3-Who is the interpreter of *Albertine*, the new play to be produced at the Tremont this evening? This painful mystery must be solved. We'll wage a guinea that it will prove as popular a piece as any produced this season. The original play, in the French, had "a great run," and we are confident it has lost none of its merit in the hands of the American translator.

§3-The New York Commercial Advertiser, of Friday, relates the following singular case:—

"I thought thy bridal bed to have deck'd."

A Wedding and a Funeral.—Rarely does it fall to our lot to record a more remarkable act of Providence, than that of which we are now called to speak. We yesterday announced the marriage of the sister of our friend Alderman Peters, at his own house, and this day we record the death of his estimable wife—a lady beloved by all her acquaintances for her domestic virtues, and other excellent qualities—an event, as we are informed, almost coincident with the marriage. She was in her accustomed health and spirits, during the morning, and after the marriage ceremony, was engaged in putting up parcels of the wedding-cake for her friends. Feeling suddenly ill, she went to her bed, and as she rested her head upon her pillow, expired!

There is a pensioner in Georgia, one hundred and six years old, named John Davis, who still continues to call on Uncle Sam for his allowance.

Husband Wanted.—A lady advertises for "a divine, jovial, serious, bold, majestic, inoffensive, scientific, amiable husband."

The Olive Branch adduces strong evidence from the Scriptures to prove that Esau was the great progenitor of the colored race—red and black.

Mrs. Elizabeth Dunn, of Nashville, recently lost her life by jumping from her carriage while the horses were running away.

Mr Dugger, of Petersburg, V. who was recently shot in a duel by Mr Droomgools, a member of Congress from the same State, has since died of his wounds.

A weekly German newspaper is about to be established at Buffalo, under the title of "Der Weltbürger."

St. Louis, Nov. 15.—*Revolution in Santa Fe.*—In addition to the information given by our correspondent in yesterday's paper, we learn the following particulars by letters received in the city from Santa Fe, to the 15th of September:—"Two parties had been formed. That in favor of the Government, headed by Don Manuel Armijo, commander of Santa Fe and Rio Abajo, had succeeded in putting down the Governor installed by the Rebels, Gen. Zales—and had appointed Don Antonio Sandoval, Provisional Governor. The Rebels were concentrating their forces at Taos, with a view to the attack of Armijo; who, it was said, was enlisting men and had possession of the artillery. A battle was expected in a short time.

It is also said that John Rowland and William Workman, citizens of Howard county, in this State, were forced by the Rebels to take side with them; and apprehensions were entertained for their lives in case Armijo proved victorious.—*Republican.*

Distressing Accident.—On Wednesday last, Mr John Lakeman, a sailor on board the brig Cygnets, lying in the stream ready for sea, was severely injured, in the following manner. Being on the topsail yard, the studding-sail boom accidentally fell upon his hand, mutilating his finger in such a manner as to require immediate amputation. We learn from Dr Moriarty, who performed the operation, that the symptoms last evening were rather of an unfavorable character. The man has a wife and two young children entirely dependent upon his efforts for their support, and from which they are now cut off. We bespeak the sympathies of this community in behalf of this unfortunate man.—*Gloucester Democrat.*

Fatal Accident.—We learn that Mr James McAdams, of Hillsboro', a young mechanic, lost his life under the following circumstances: He was making some repairs to a saw mill, and was at work with a long auger boring into a stick of timber, upon which he was standing. In drawing the auger from the stick the handle came off, and he fell upon the auger which entered his body about 15 inches, wounding him in a most shocking manner. He expired in a few hours.—*Nashua N. H. Telegraph.*

A Correct Notion.—A writer in the Mechanic & Farmer says, that when he sees a woman send her husband's pantaloons to the tailor, to get three buttons sewed on them, he has a notion that young men are right in being rather skittish about getting married.—Then's our sentiments, zactly.—*Methuen Gazette.*

The defeat of the democratic party in New York is easily accounted for, inasmuch as the aggregate number of votes polled is fifty thousand less than in the contest of 1834, and this deficiency is mostly on the side of democracy.—*Lowell Ad.*

"Is your master up?" asked an early visitor of the Marquis of Blandford's valet. "Yes, sir," rejoined the fellow with great innocence: "the butler and I carried him up about three o'clock."

Accident.—A boy by the name of Trask, belonging to Lynn, was killed, and three others badly injured yesterday, while at play about the dirt cars, on the Eastern Railroad, in Lynn.—*Salem Advertiser.*

Hon Stephen C. Phillips, in 1835, voted for a bill, not the bill, to divorce the Government from all Banks!—*ib.*

"The Dutch have taken Holland."—The federalists have carried Massachusetts.—*Utica Observer.*

MASSACHUSETTS CHARITABLE MECHANIC ASSOCIATION. The next Lecture before the above Association will be delivered by Rev Mr Pierpont, at the Masonic Temple, on TUESDAY EVENING next, 23rd inst. at 7 o'clock, by the Excellency Gov. Everett.

Tickets may be obtained at Wm D. Hickman's, corner of Washington and School streets; Josiah Loring's, 136 Washington street; and at Little & Brown's, 112 Washington st. Tickets for the season, \$2.

Subject—Constantinople.

By J. GORHAM ROGERS, Sec'y.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY'S LECTURES. The introductory Lecture of the course will be delivered at the Masonic Temple, on TUESDAY EVENING, 28th inst. at 7 o'clock, by the Excellency Gov. Everett.

Tickets may be obtained at Wm D. Hickman's, corner of Washington and School streets; Josiah Loring's, 136 Washington street; and at Little & Brown's, 112 Washington st. Tickets for the season, \$2.

DR. SWEETSER'S Sixth Lecture will be delivered THIS EVENING, at the Masonic Temple, at 7 o'clock. Subject—Air and Exercise.

By J. GORHAM ROGERS, Sec'y.

MARRIED. In this city, on Wednesday morning, Mr Isaac V. Valentine to Miss Harriet M. Baker.

At Lancaster, Capt Hezekiah M. Grant, of this city, to Miss Mary Williams.

DIED. In this city, on Sunday morning, Mr John Roberts, 38. Funeral on Tuesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from No 50 Friend st. Friends and relatives are invited to attend.

On Saturday last, Miss Ann G. daughter of Mrs Ann B. Akerman, of Portsmouth, N. H., 20.

Funeral on Tuesday afternoon, 3 o'clock, from her mother's residence, No 2 Suffolk Place.

IMPORTATIONS. MALAGA. Brig Camco—200 quart canes wine, 1500 casks 1804 b-x 1420 h-d 1500 q-d raisins, 370 casks h-d fo grapes 55 jars 2 boxes dry, 3 kegs wine, 10 trills almonds.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—Monday, Nov. 27.

Rises.	Setts.	Moons.	High Water.
Nov 25m	Nov 30m	Setts	11 25m

BOSTON MORNING POST MARINE JOURNAL.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25. ARRIVED.

Brig Camco, Foster, Malaga, 15th ult. Spoke 23d, in S. Chas. net, 1804 b-x 1420 h-d 1500 q-d raisins, 370 casks h-d fo grapes 55 jars 2 boxes dry, 3 kegs wine, 10 trills almonds.

Brigs Oak, Ryder, Philadelphia; Trim, Humphrey, Portland; Bruch, Thistle, Best, St John, N.B.; Schs Mail, Sylvester, Boston; New York; A. Lion, Khen, Bray, de Ann, Flower, Hartford, P.M.; Brig Georgian, Payne, Richmond; Schs Swan, Harding, Philadelphia; Globe, Harding, New York; Fortune, Pierce, Plymouth.

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 26. ARRIVED.

Sch Bayle, Baker, Baltimore.

Signals for 2 brigs and 3 schs.

NOTICE.

NEWBURYPORT BAR.

In consequence of a change in the Bar near the mouth of Newburyport harbor, the directions laid down in the Coast Pilot for making that harbor, viz:—"You must keep the lights in a range, and run for them till within a cable's length of the Eastern Light," is incorrect. In consequence of the shifting of the bar, a vessel following these directions, would go directly upon it.

Sailmasters unacquainted with the channel as it now is, had better take a pilot before attempting to enter the harbor. Custom House, Boston, Nov 15, 1837.

Sch Dorcas, of Freeport, Me, went ashore near the Delaware Breakwater, 20th inst, while on the passage from Philadelphia for Washington, D.C.—she bilged, and is expected to be lost, together with her cargo of coal.

FOREIGN PORTS.

At Leghorn, Sept 25, Ganges

